# ARTICLE

## Lullabies and Lights Out: A Toddler's Guide to Sweet Sleep Hygiene



**By Zainab Samiwala** Art and Play Psychotherapist, Nagpur



"Just as the moon watches over the night, sleep watches over the well-being of our toddlers, offering them the serenity they need to thrive."

Sleep is a key part of a child's development, and for small children, laying out solid rest designs is pivotal for their general well-being. Satisfactory and quality rest assumes a crucial part in mental, emotional, and physical improvement during this developmental phase of life. In babies, resting has all the earmarks of being important for memory combination, executive attention, and motor skill improvement. Sleep also has important effects on growth, especially in early infancy.

A tot who is lacking in sleep can swing between being cranky and hyperactive, with impacts that can mirror ADHD. Tiredness can likewise influence your toddler's capacity to focus, with repercussions for their exhibition at school. Indeed, even insignificant sleep limitations can affect your toddler's everyday life.

As per the American Institute of Pediatrics (AAP), a quarter of children under the age of five years do not get satisfactory sleep. This is stressed because poor sleep in early systems has been connected to unfavorably susceptible rhinitis and issues with the immune system, as well as anxiety and depression. There is additional proof that insufficient sleep in childhood might convey future cardiovascular dangers such as obesity, diabetes, and hypertension.

Fortunately, specific behavioral changes and adjustments to the sleep environment will help most children. Sleep hygiene refers to a set of practices and habits that promote healthy and restful sleep. It encompasses a range of behaviors and environmental factors that contribute to the quality and duration of one's sleep. Developing good sleep hygiene habits is essential for fostering a regular sleep-wake cycle, improving sleep quality, and ultimately supporting overall physical and mental well-being.

### 1. Consistent Bedtime Routine

Make bedtime the same time every night. This helps your child know what to expect and helps them establish healthy sleep patterns. Establishing a consistent bedtime routine signals to toddlers that it's time to wind down. The actual routine can be specific to your child, but it should last around 20 minutes and consist of three to four quiet, soothing activities such as a warm bath, reading a bedtime story, or gentle lullabies. Consistency is key, as it helps create a sense of predictability for the child. Bedtime routines provide children with a sense of familiarity and comfort, which acts in direct opposition to the uncertainty of insomnia.

#### 2. Optimal Sleep Environment

Creating an optimal sleep environment is crucial for quality sleep. Ensure the toddler's sleep space is quiet, dark, and at a comfortable temperature. Additionally, using a security object like a favorite blanket or stuffed animal can provide comfort and promote a sense of security. These tips can help you create the perfect sleep setup for your little one:

- Room temperature: The body and brain both cool down in preparation for sleep, and this can be disrupted by a stuffy bedroom.
- Noise: Research suggests that even mild sound disturbances can affect the quality of slumber, even if the sleeper never awakens. Consider noise-blocking curtains to cut down on street noise.
- Soothing smells: Calming scents like lavender can have mild sedative effects. You might try using essential oils, a room diffuser, or a dried potpourri sachet to provide a soothing, sleepinducing smell.
- Light levels: Start dimming indoor lights as bedtime approaches, and keep your child's bedroom as dark as possible. This promotes healthy levels of melatonin and supports your child's natural biological clock. If your child is afraid of the dark, a small nightlight is okay.

#### 3. Screen Time Curfew

Exposure to screens, such as smartphones or tablets, close to bedtime can interfere with the production of melatonin, the hormone responsible for sleep. Establish a screen-free period before bedtime to facilitate the natural transition to sleep. Screen time also stimulates the brain, making it harder to wind down for sleep. Electronic devices should be kept out of the bedroom and ideally not used within one hour of bedtime.

#### 4. Balanced Diet and Physical Activity

A balanced diet and regular physical activity contribute to overall health and can positively impact sleep. Ensure that toddlers have nutritious meals and engage in age-appropriate physical activities during the day.

#### 5. Avoid Scary & Violent Content

Feeling scared or worried is a common reason kids can't sleep. So it's no wonder that scary or violent movies, TV, video games, and even books in the evening are linked to sleep disturbances in children. If your kiddo likes the gory or spooky stuff, save it for the daytime. It's normal for even the best little sleepers to awaken from slumber and ask for a parent. When your child cries out for you, it's okay to tend to them. However, you should do so with intention. Fulfilling your child's every request can also reinforce an unhelpful pattern of relying on parental assistance for sleep.

Helping your child develop good sleep habits can be a challenge, and it is normal to get upset when a child keeps you awake at night. Try to be understanding. A negative response by a parent can sometimes make a sleep problem worse. Keep in mind that children need the time and opportunity to find out how to go back to sleep on their own when they wake up during the night. In the journey of toddlerhood, where growth and development occur at a rapid pace, the importance of sleep cannot be overstated. By fostering good sleep hygiene practices, parents and caregivers contribute significantly to a toddler's physical, emotional, and cognitive wellbeing. Through consistent routines, a conducive sleep environment, and attention to sleep cues, we pave the way for toddlers to embark on a journey of sweet slumber and optimal development.

